#### Professional Notices.

MERICAN and FOREIGN PATENTS.

J. P. PIRSSON, No. 5 WALL-ST., N. Y. A pamphlet of information sept free by mail.

A. L. ROBINSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Evaneville, Indiana.
Refer to Mr. John H. Magne, Sc. 24 South William-st.

REW DISCOVERY.—DR. CHARLES
RELLANITZ has arrived from Paris and other great cities.
Po more, No more, No more of those Diseases. Sore Eyes,
Resematian, even iong standing Dysentery, Scrofuls and Gisndoiar affections. Coras, and the Pites cured in four days. Dr. K.
warrants a radical cure, as if just by magic. No charge will be
mode if remedy fails. The Doutor has at the same time a worderful Salve invented which heals old sores of twenty years'
tanding. One Bollar s box. And the Doctor cures also many
other diseases. Office hours from 3 to 12 a. m., or from 3 to 8
p. m. No 225 Grand-st., five doors from the Bowery.

#### Migcell ancons.

BRUSHES, of every description, at the Brush
Factory, No. 529 Pearlet, Frankins-square. All articles
sid at the lewest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a very supe
rior quality constantly on hand.

JOHN K. HOPPEL.

ORIENTAL DETERSIVE SOAP—Manufac-phia. Ore pound of which will go as far as three pounds com-mon roun soap; saves the necessity of boiling or rubbing oldshes on a washboard; warranied not to higher the elothet, and to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by grocers generally, and whole-sale at the manufacturers' lowest prices by their soic agents in this city, GARTWRIGHT & HARRISON No III Front-th.

COYER'S SULTANA'S SAUCE .- NOTICE .-This wonderfully stimulating and appetizing Sance which
wow is such universal demand and has made itself so great a
lavoitie with the lovers of good things, may now be purchased
it the dealers in groceries, &c., throughout the United States,
also, Soyer's Reliab, Soyer's Aromatic Markard, and Soyer's
Sance Succulente. Wholesaic Agent Markard, and Soyer's
CARDNER G. YVELIN, Fulton st., New-York,
BRAY & HAVES, Cornall, Sorton,
CROSSE & BLACK WELL, London, England.

### Ocean Steamers, &c.

FOR SAVANNAH and FLORIDA.-U. HOR SAVANNAH and FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The favorite steamship. ALABAMA, Capt Geo. R. Scherck, will leave on WEINESDAY, Feb. 23, at 3 p. m., from Pier No. 4, North River. Through tickets given to Montgomery. Columbus, Atlanta, Albany and Mecon. Bills of leding signed only on board. For freight or passage, apply to SAML L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

#### Steamboats and Railroads.

TRAVELERS for the NORTH, SOUTH,
EAST or WEST, should buy, before starting, APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. Price 25 cents. The clear
masner in which the THROUGH ROUTE MAPS are dethe-sted, exables the traveler to see at a glance HOW HE
SHALL TRAVEL. He will save many a dolar by securing a
sopp. D. APPLETON & CO., Publichers,
Nos. 346 and 344 Broadway.

PUBLIC SAFETY is the SUPREME LAW

RAILEGAD OFFICERS,

TAKE NOTICE THAT

OWNERS, TRAVELERS,

AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY,

CREAMER'S SAFETY BRAKE

gives a degree of security to life and property on Rallroad trains

that is impossible without it. The ordinary conditions of Railroad trains in motion are such that there is constant danger from

the great momentum. No train is perfectly safe without this

Improvement. The following is the column:

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD,

TERRE HAUTE and RICHMOND RAILROAD,

CLEVELAND and TOLEDO RAILROAD.

OLD COLONY and FALL RIVER RAILROAD,

PANAMA RAILROAD,

BOSTON and PROVIDENCE RAILROAD

(in a few weeks),

and to a limited extent in the

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD, PLUNOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD, &c.

This Company furnishes these Machines for the whole passen

per equipment of all Roads, and does not require a dime unti

they are satisfied of their value. See our advertisement] to

Baturday's paper for further details.

U. S. RAILROAD CAR BRAKE Co.,

No. 31 Pine-st., New-York.

TRAVELERS NORTH and WEST-SPEED TRAVELERS NORTH and WEST—SI FIGURE and SAFETY—INCREASED ACCOMMODATION—HUDSON RIVER RILROAD.—Four Daily Express Trains beaving Chambers at Depot at 8 and 11:15 a.m., and 3:15 and 4:30 p. m. These truns, as well as all others on this road, are supplied with CREAMER'S SAFETY BRAKE, an improvement of accomplication of accomplishment of ac supplied with Charles and Scarre, giving a degree of securment of tried and acknowledged vaine, giving a degree of securky to life and property that no other road (not similarly equipped) is possessed of. Railroad officers are offered every isolility
to test this improvemement, free of cost; and all those desiroot
to being up to the times in the matter of public safety, will find
thoir interest in giving prompt attention to this master.

U. S. R. R. CAR BRANE Co., No. SI Pine-st.

W. G. CREAMER, Scoretary.

PREIGHT FOR
NEW-ORLEANS!
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
EXPRESS
FREIGHT LINE.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will forward Freights, in suy quantity, at low rates and with great dispatch, to NEW-ORLEANS.

VICKBBURG,
NATCHES,
NASHVILLE,
and all other points on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers.

Mark Goods,

Mark Goods,

"Penn. R. R. River,"

Ship at Pier No. 1 North River, and apply for THROUGH

BILLS OF LADING at ear offices,

No. 2 Actor House,

No. 1 South William et.

LEECH & Co., Agenta.

# Mledical.

HEALTH OF AMERICAN WOMEN.-All local utirine irregularities, displacements and difficul ties, together with constitutional symptoms and diseases of wo men, are radically cured by the GRAEFENBERG COMPA-NY'S MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON.

LT Price \$150 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists.
See testimony in The New York Weekly and Semi-Weekly
Tribuns since Dec. 1.

The high moral character of the gentlemen connected with The Grassenberg Company, and the acknowledged medical skill and judgment of Dr. Bridge, the attending physician, should induce entire confidence in their preparations."—[N. Y. Daily News.

IF Fire bottles are sent for \$6, and charges paid to end of Express line, Address JOSHUA F. BRIDGE, M. D., Secre tary Gracfenberg Company, No. 32 Park-row, N. Y.

C. C. COUGH CREAM.
W. H. TOWERS, No. 208 Broadway, N. Y. H HIKA'S TOOTHACHE REMEDY.-II eranses no pain when applied; is a certain and permanent scre in the most distressing cases, and contains no person nor anything in the slightest degree highests. Price 25-sents, by mail, ten three cent stamps. H. Hikk, No. 56; Prince-st.

### Water Enre.

DR. MUNDE's WATER-CURE, at Florence,
Mass., three miles west from the Northampton Railroad
Depot, is one of the largest and best regulated establishments
in the United States, and kept in operation throughout the year
"Dr. Runde is next to Prinsantia, the mat eminent practisioner of the water-cure that Germany has produced"
[N. Y. Tribone.
"His various publications on cold-water cures are certain;"
smong the best, if not the most superior, of any in Germany."
[Home Journal.]

"We are convinced that no higher authority than he matters of hydropathy, can be found in our own or any ether ountry." famer. Marazine of Homeopathy and Hydropathy.

#### Legal Motices.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Surrogate of A the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FOLKER J. BECK, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers there of, to the subscriber, at the office of Q. McADAM, No. 56 Well-street, in the City of New York, on or before the twanty-sighth day of April next.—Dated, New-York, the nine teemb Cay of October, 1858.

SARAH L. BECK.

Administratrix, &c.

NOTICE of application for the discharge of an third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the sector of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statues. It suffers, Williadam P. BEERS. Notice first published February 16, 1850. Creditors to appear before the Ilon S. P. Wisner, County Judge of Tompkins Geomy, at its office in Ithaca, N. Y., on the 17th day of May, 1859, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show came why the said insolvent should not be discharged from his debts. BOARDMAN & FINCH, Atterneys for Petitioner, willow N. Y

NOTICE OF APPLICATION for the discharge of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the problem of the third article of the first tile of the 6 fibt chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes.—WILLIAM H. ERWIN of the Gity of Brooking, in the County of Sings, and State of New-York, an insolvent debtor. Notice first published February 2d, 1839. Creditors to appear before the Hom. Samuel D. Morris, County Judge of Kings County, at the Chambers of red Judge in the City Hau, in the City of Spooking, in said County, on the 18th day of April next, at the Ociock in the formacon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said incovents extent, and the led discharged from his debta.

HYATT & BROWNELL, Attorneys for Insolvent.

HIMPLEW KOPE SITEDELING COUNTY. LODA CIT.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—HORACE NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—HORACE
B CLAYLIN, WILLIAM H MELLEN, NATHANIEL
F, MILLER, DANIEL H. CONCKLING and HENRY
STONE signer CHARLES C. MORRISSETT.—Summons for
a money demand on contract.—(Cum. not exceed.)—To the defindant above mans d: You are hereby a unmoned and required
to at swerthe companie to this action, which was filed in the
Office of the Ciry of the Ciry and County of New York, at the
City Hall, in the City of New York, on the 15th day of February,
1.50, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said composition to the City of New York, on the 15th day of February,
1.50, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said composition to the City of New York, on the 18th day of New
York, it the Blate of New York, within twenty
days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the
day of such service; and if you fall to answer the said complaint
within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will the
the coats of this action.—Bated New York, January 18, 1830,
1830, the costs of this action.—Dated New York, Japuary 14, 1839.

BARNEY, BUTLER & PARSONS,
f 16 law8wW Pisintif's Attorneys.

N. Y. SUPREME COURT, City and County Y. SUPREME COURT, City and County and State of New York.—SOPHIA ERUSH against County Lewis, Caroline Lewis, Susseman B Young, Oliver Youngs, Maria Youngs, Henry Yeungs, Charlotte Youngs, William H. Mean, Eliza Mead, Calter Burten, Bollate, Peyton Hervy, Vuginia E. Hervy, Jefforton Fisher, Johla S. Fisher, Edward A. Whithaer, Mary A. B. Whitaker, Garles D. Clarke, Willian J. Clarke and part of the Sommona.—For Relief.—(Com. not Set )—To the Defondants: You are her by summended and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clark of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall in the City of New York, and to serve a copy of your asswer to the said compaint of the southern of the Sommons of the Som

fights few. OWEN & BELLOWS.

Y. SUPREME COURT—City and County of New-York—DAVID MIRANDA against HENRY C. COOPER.—Summons for money demand on contract—(Com. not ser.)—To HENRY C. COOPER, the Defendant: You are bereby summoned and required to answer the companint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the said city, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at their office, No. 60 Wall street, in the raid City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you continue of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time alterestic, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment spaintly out for the sum of one hundred and sixty-re-dollars (\$161 (4), with inter-at from the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty nine, besides the costs of this section.—Dated. February 12th, 1859.

No. 60 Wall-et., N. Y.
The controlled in the above action was filed February 2, 1859,

sction.—Dated, February 12th, 1838.

EVELETH & BISSELL, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
No. 60 Wallet., N. Y.
The complaint in the above action was filed February 22, 1839, in the effice of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.

EVELETH & BISSELL,
fe23 law6wW\*

EVELETH & BISSELL,
fe23 law6wW\*

CONNELLY against CONNELUS
Yers.—CHARLES M. CONNELLY against CONNELUS
Y. S. GIBBS, CHARLES GIBBS and GEORGE GIBBS.—Summons for money demand on contract.—Com. not ser.)—Fo the above named defendants and each of them: You are berely summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Giby and County of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the raid complaint on the subscribers, at their office. No. 44 Wallst., New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer tee said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of \$4.902 98-100, with interest on \$3.144 66-100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854; on \$5.11 98-100 from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and on \$0.872-1100 thereof from the 18th day of April, 1854, and continued and fifty four, besides the costs of the action.—

Dated New-York, February 21, 1859.

EVELETH & BISSELL.

EVELETH & BISSELL.

SEVELETH & BISSELL.

SEVELETH & BISSELL.

To Be of the Clerk of the Clerk of New-York, February 21, 1859.

SIPPEME COURT—CITY and COUNTY of

SUPREME COURT-CITY and COUNTY of 

RICE & HILL, Plainting Attorogys.

St. I awsww.

No. 44 Wallet, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT—JOHN JAY, Receiver of the Mechanics' Fire insurance Company of the City of New-York, agains William H. DE GROUTE and ALICE E., his wife, Theodore R. B. De Groots, and Emma his wife, James B. Murray, Charles Burral, Esta Wars, administrativa, and Charles Abernathy, administrator of John P. Wars, deceased, George Opdyke and Wilson G. Hunt.—Pursuant to a decree of sale made in the above entitled action at a special term of the Supreme Court, held at the City of New-York, on the Sitt of October 1357, 1, the Referee in said decree samed, will sell at public ancition, at the Merchante' Exchange, in New-York City, on the 5th day of Maron, 1859, at twelve o clock at noon of that day, the following described real cattle or land, viz: All that central hot, pieces or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Twelfin [12] Ward of said dity, bounded and described as follows, viz: Be gluving at a point on the southerly was desired in the Twelfin [12] Ward of said dity, bounded and described as follows, viz: Be gluving at a point on the southerly on a line parallel with said avenue to the center line of the block between One-hundred-and-forty firstal, and One-hundred and-forty-second-st, thence along said center line easterly one hundred feet, thence southerly on a line parallel with said Elevents av., until intersects the northerly line of One-hundred and-forty-second-st, thence along said center line easterly one hundred set; thence westerly along the souther y line of One-hundred said-forty-second-st, thence along said center line assets on hundred said-forty-second-st, thence along said center line assets on hundred said said-forty-second-st, thence along and center line of the Bloomingdale Road until it intersects the northerly line of One-hundred-and-forty-second-st, thence along and center line assets of the hundred said-forty-second-st. to the place of beginning. Terms made known at the day of saic.—Dated Feb. 14, 1859.

14 Zaws

SUPREME COURT.-JOHN JAY, Receiver of

SUPREME COURT.—JOHN JAY. Receiver of the Mechanica Fire Insurance Company of the City of Newtork, against WILLIAM H. DE GROOT and ALICE E. his wife. JAMES B. MURRAY, CHARLES BURRAL, GEORGE OPDYKE and WILSON C. HUNT.—Foreclosure Sale.—Fursuant to a judgment or decree of ale, made in the above-spitied action, at a Special Form of the Supreme Court, held to New York City, Oct. St. 1837. I, the Referee in sale order newed, will rell at public suction, at the Merchanic Exchange in New York City, on the 8th day of March, 1859, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, the following property mentioned and described in said decree, vir. All that certain iot piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Ninth Ward of the City of New York, being part of the land sately belonging to the rector, churchwarders and vertymen of Trinty Ghurch, commonly called the Church Farm, and distinguished on the maps of such part ther of as lies in the block between Le Roy and Morion streets, east of Hudson street, by the letter N, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Le Roy street, distant three bundred and forty feet and five inches castward from the corner formed by the easterly side of Hudson street all mortherly also one hundred feet to the center lines of said block between Le Rey and Morton streets, thence easterly side of lot M on said map one hundred feet to the center lines of said block between Le Rey and Morton streets, thence easterly slong the said center line parallel to Le Roy street, deliberen feet ten inches, to the easterly boundary of the Church Farm, thence south-easter with the same threaten feet ten inches, thence south easter with the same threaten feet ten inches, thence south easter with the same threaten feet ten inches, thence south easter with the same threaten feet ten inches, thence south easter with the same threaten feet ten inches, thence and cannot be lands occupied by the German Lutheran Church and parallel to Hudson street sight, said test is the lands occupied by

RUN OVER AND KILLED.—Francis Smith, a boy, whose parents reside at No. 119 Sheriffet, was run over, on Tuesday aftern con, in Fourteenth street, near Patric avenue, by a horse and wagen, driven at a resident rate by fatrick Cregan, and instantly killed. Cregan was arrested and held for examination, and the body of the deceased was faken to the Audemy of Medicine.

New-Nork Daily Tribuna ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

The Royal Mail steamship Africa, Capt. Shaznon, which sailed from Liverpool at about 11 o'clock on the merning of the 5th inst., arrived here on Tuesday morning.

The screw-steamship City of Manchester sailed from Liverpool for New-York on the 31 inst., with about 100 passengers.

# THE STATE OF EUROPE.

From Our Own Correspondent. LONDON, Friday, Feb. 4, 1859.

The Queen's speech, insignificant as it is, has vet led to a decline in Consols. I need not say that it is not the threatening paragraph against Mexico that has frightened the Exchange, but rather the absence of any assurance that there will be no war in Italy. As to the speeches in Parliament, all the aristocratic party leaders were unanimous in branding the actual Government of Naples with expressions of unconditional disgust, in describing the state of the Papal dominions as unbearable, in excusing Austria, but still trinking that she would not lose strength by abandoning her dominions beyond the Alps, and in warning Sardinia and France not to rush into war. Lord Derby hinted that even some new territorial arrangement might be entered into in Central Italy. Lord John Russell thought Austria ought to give up a portion of her Italian possesions. Every one of the members who spoke about Italy declared that Austria had no right to occupy any Italian State beyond the Po, but all concurred in the sentiments expressed by the Queen, that treaties are to be held inviolable, and that maladministration gives no right of aggression to the neighboring States. What a pity that this just and unexceptionable sentiment was so utterly disregarded by these very same members in the of Onde! The result of the discussion is, that war appears still more probable than before, but it is officially stated that "Her Majesty's Government have done everything in their power to they stand in a position in which, with regard to their own course, they would be bound by no obligation, by no engagement, treaty or under-standing, but be free to take the course which the interests of duty and honor may demand. In other words, England declares that she has not entered into any alliance with Austria, and intends to remain perfectly neutral as long as possible. If I am not mistaken, the Vienna public will not regard this declaration as of a very satisfactory nature, since they expected the aid, and, at least, the moral assistance of England, in case of an aggression by the combined French and Sardinian

armies.
The intended marriage of King Victor Emmanuel with the widow of Prince Leuchtenberg, sister to the present Czer and cousin to the French Emperor, will not fail to create still greater apprehen-sions at Vienna; and it is natural that under such auspices the introduction of the Austrian loan into the London money market should prove a failure.

As to public opinion in France, Italy and Austria,

I can give you some curious information, founded upon the most authentic observations. In France war is deprecated by the Republicans, because they fear that Napoleon might establish himself more firmly on his throne by a successful Italian campaign. All the moneyed interests, and the educated class are averse to it on account of the disturbance of the material interests of the country. But Napoleon cares little for the Republicans, Or leanists, and the moneyed middle class; he knows that trey hate him, and that it is not to them that he owes his position. He relies on his army and on the ignorant agricultural population, with whom he is as popular as in 1849. In Sardinia the aristocracy are inclined to peace; they do not care for Italy nor for the increase of the kingdom, since they fear that they may lose the monopoly of court offi-ces, by the competition of the wealthier and better educated Lombard and Tuscan nobility. The Mazzinians detest the alliance with France, but both these parties are powerless at the present mo-ment; the bulk of the rural, as well as of the town population, are thoroughly mad for war; the idea of Italian unity dazzles them so much that even Genoa, the stronghold of Mazzinianism, is now entirely converted to the political creed of Count Cayour and the French alliance. As regards Austria Vienna represents nothing but the Exchange, and accordingly that city deprecates war; but the German Provinces, and especially Tyrol, are strongly excited against France, and have no objection to a trial of the respective forces: as to Hungary, she is unanimously warlike, and wishes a conflict most ardently, fully satisfied that the Austrians will be defeated, and that such a defeat might lead to greater regard for the nationality and political aspirations of the country. The Vienna press mistake this policy altogether, though some of the Hungarian papers speak pretty clearly about it, and the Ministerial organs are positively delighted at the loyalty of the rebel province. The Emperor of Austria is at a loss to see how a war can be brought

given the most stringent orders to avoid any cause for offending France. Under the present circumstances I cannot fail to direct your attention to the excellent "History of Naples," by Colletta, admirably translated by Miss Horner, a sister-in-law of Sir Charles Lyel". The gifted translator has carried on Colletta's history, which ends with 1825, to the year 1852, and enables the public to appreciate the comparative blessings of the French rule, and to realize all the horrors of the Government of King Bomba. The book has appeared in Edinburgh, and ought to be known in the United States. I do not doubt that "Trübner's Bibliographical Guide to American Literature" has already excited your attention, which it fully deserves for the great industry with which it is compiled, and lucid order with which it

about, since there is no casus belli; and he has

The Prince of Prussia is himself destroying the halo of Liberalism which surrounded him for a while. He has failed to grant an amnesty at the occasion of the birth of his grandson, and in a public speech he declared that, being the Vicegerent of his brother, the King, he would deprecate any new measures, and wished only "to put an improving hand to the institutions of his brother." The dream of Prussian Liberty was somewhat short-lived, but no sensible man ought to have expected really liberal ideas from the Prince.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Parliament was opened on the 3d inst. by the Queen in person. The following is her Majesty's speech in

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: In recurring, at the usual season, to the advice of my Parliament, am happy to think that, in the internal state of the country, there is nothing to excite disquistude, and muca to call for satisfaction and thankfulness. Pauper-ism and crime have considerably diministed during the past year, and a spirit of contentment prevails. The blessing of the Almighty on the valor of

the past year, and a spirit of contentment prevails.

The blessing of the Almighty on the valor of my troops in India, and on the skill of their commanders, has enabled me to indict signal chastisement upon those who are still in arms against my authority, whenever they have ventured to encounter my forces; and I trust that, at no distant period, I may be able to

and I trust that, at no distant period. I may be able to announce to you the complete pacification of that great empire, and to devote my attentian to the improvement of its condition, and to the obliteration of all traces of the present unaappy conflict.

On assuming, by your advice, the direct government of that portion of my dominions, I deemed it proper to make known by proclamation the principles by which it was my intention to be guided, and the elemency which I was disposed to show toward those who might have been seduced into revoit, but who might be willing to return to their allegiance. I have directed that a copy of that proclamation should be laid before you.

I receive from all foreign powers assurances of their friendly feelings. To cultivate and confirm those feel-

rected that a copy of that proclamation should be laid
before you.

I receive from all foreign powers assurances of their
friendly feelings. To cultivate and confirm those feelings, to maintain inviolate the faith of public treaties,

Blacks 3, 1024;
Cocca steady: 140 bags Trinidad were mostly sold at 53, 255;
for low and midding grayan Red. 530 bags Gusyaquil changed
doors or
in vain
in vain
reform.

and to contribute, as far as my influence can extend, to the preservation of the general peace, are the objects of my nuceasing solicitude.

I have concluded, with the sovereigns who were parties to the Treaty of Paris of 1856, a convention relative to the organization of the Principalities of Meldavia and Wallachia. Those Rouman Provinces are now proceeding to establish, under its provisions, their new form of government.

are now proceeding to estations, much in which is their new form of government.

A treaty of commerce which I have concluded with the Emperor of Russin, and which will be laid before you, is a satisfactory indication of the complete restablishment of those amicable relations which, until their late unfortunate interruption, had long subsisted between us, to the mutual advantage of our respective

deminions.

The measures which, in concert with my ally, the Emperor of the Frence, I thought it necessary to take upon the coast of China, have resulted in a treaty by which further effusion of blood has been prevented, and which holds out the prespect of greatly increased intercourse with that extensive and densely-peopled empire.

Another treaty, into which I have entered with the

Another treaty, into which I have elected what the Emperor of Japan, opens a fresh field for commercial enterprise in a populous and highly civilized country, which has hitherto been jealously guaroed against the inturion of foreigners. As soon as the ratification of these treaties thall have been exchanged, they will be and before you.

I have great satisfaction in announcing to you that
the Emperor of the French has abolished a system of

regro emigration from the east coast of Africa, against waich, as unavoidably teneing, however guarded, to the encouragement of the slave-trade, my government has never ceased to address to his imperial Majesty its

most carnest but friendly representa lobs.

This wise act on the part of his imperial Majesty indeers me to hope that negotiations, now in progress at Paris, may tend to the total abandonment of the

system, are to the substitution of a duly-regulated supply of substantially free labor. The state of the republic of Mexico, distracted by civil war, has induced me to carry forbearance to its utnost limits, in regard to wrongs and indignities to which British residents have been subjected at the hands of the two contending parties. They lergth been carried to such an extent that I have been compelled to give instructions to the commander of my raval forces in those seas to demand, and if

necessary, to enforce, due reparation.
GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF CORMONS—I have directed that the estimates for the ensuing year shall be submitted to you. They have been framed with a e regard to economy, and to the efficiency of the

ublic service.

The universal introduction of steam power into naval warfare, will render necessary a temporary in-crease of expenditure in providing for the reconstruc-tion of the British Navy, but I am persuaded that you

will cheerfully vote whatever sums you may find requisite for an object of each vital importance as the maintenance of the maritime power of the country.

My Lords and Gentlemen: Your labors have, in recent sessions, been usefully directed to various measures of legal and social improvement. In the belief that further measures of a similar character may be wisely and beneficially introduced, I have desired that hills may be submitted to you, without delay, for essimilating and amending the laws relating to bankruptey and insolvency; for bringing together into one set of statutes, in a classified form, and with such modifications as experience will suggest to you, the laws relating to crimes and offenses in England and Ireland; for enabling the owners of land in England to obtain for themselves an indefeasible titls to their estates and interests, and for registering such titles

with simplicity and security.

Your attention will be called to the state of the laws which regulate the representation of the people in Parliament, and I cannot doubt but that you will give to this great subject a degree of calm and impartial consideration preportioned to the magnitude of the interests involved in the result of your discussions.

These and other prepositions for the amendment of the laws, which will be brought under your notice as the progress of public business may permit, I com-mend to the exercise of your deliberate judgment; and mend to the exercise of your demorate judgment; and I earnestly pray that your counsels may be so guided as to insure the stability of the Threne, the maintenance and improvement of our institutions, and the general welfare and happiness of my people.

### TURKEY.

Two principal ringleaders in the massacre of the Christians at Jiddah—the chief of the Police, and the Chief of the Adramants—had been condemned to death and were executed on the 13th of January. The Kaimskan and the others accused had been sent to Constantinople, where their fate would be decided again.

upon.

From Jassay there are reports of a political conspiracy with a Russian tendency. It had been frus-

Fighting was reported to be going on in Montenegro.

# INDIA.

The Bombay mail of January 11 had been tele-

graphed from Suez.

Quietness prevailed in Oude.

The rebels, under Tantia Topee, advanced on the 24 h of December to attack Pertaubghur, but were rerepulsed with the loss of one of their leaders. The rebels retreated, and after five days' pursuit they were

rebels retreated, and atter two days parasitately were routed with much slaughter.

The rebels under Feroze Slash were surprised and dispersed near Jhapoor by Capt. Mayne's force. Froot to this Feroze Shah's cavalry had attacked the Bombay Cavalry under Lieut. Stock, killing three

Bombay Cavary under Lieut. Stock, kining three lancers, and capturing some baggage and camels.

Lord Clyde was at Nanparah, on the 24th December, when a large party of rebels, including a Prince and a son of Umpseed Shah, and some 250 women, came into camp. Many men of rank in the Begum's camp had returned to Lucknow.

The Bundecum rebels, after having attacked Kirwee in the Banda District, were encountered by Gen.

Whiteleck, and completely dispersed, with the loss of

300 men, all their guns and cattle. The Bombay import market was active. Money dearer. Freights unchanged. Exchange 2/0 11-16 #2/14.

## THE IONIAN ISLANDS.

The Iorian Parliament, after having unanimously The Ionian Parliament, after having unanimously declared for union with Greece, passed a resolution to elect a Parliamentary Committee for the purpose of considering what fur her measures should be taken.

Mr. Gladstone, in consequence, addressed a message to the Parliament, stating that the resolution was contrary to the Constitution, and advising that the Committee be merely empowered to address a petition to Queen Victoria. Acting on this, Mr. Gladstone was furnished with the address of the Committee to the Queen, with a request to lay before the great Powers their desire for a union with Greece.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

## Richardson, Spence & Co.'s Circular.

Per Africa. | Livearoot / Seb. 4, 1859.
Corros-The advices per Africa caused #Gders to show more

Cottos—The advices per Africa caused solders to show more frumessa. On Monday and Tuescay, roder a speculative and good demand from the trade, Liplands, which were most depressed, advanced 1-16d, and on the better grade 14. \$P\$ b. Extreme quotations were paid for Mobile and Oriesna. The buoyancy of the bedinning of the week has since disappeared, and although the advance in Uplands is maintained, Mobile and Oriesna are no dearer than hort week. Mindling Oriesna, 61d, 18 Mobile 61d, 10 plands, 67-16d, \$P\$ fb.

Beradesture—Our quotations for all Breadstuffs are \$P\$ central for 100 fb. This week; arrivale consist of \$90 bbis Flour from the United States, 31d bbas. Flour from South America, \$52 sacks \$F\$ our from France, 1,000 qrs. Wheat, 1999 qrs. Core from the Mediterranean and fisch Sea. Farmers' deriveries of Wheat for the week ending last Satorday were 121,957 qrs. at 417, against 92,551 qrs. at 67 6 corresponding west of last year Without animaxon the Corn trade has been steady. At Tuesday's merket the usual retail bothness was done in Wheat at last quotations, Yellow Indian Corn firmer, with a good demand for White, at an advance of 1d. \$P\$ central (6d \$P\$ quatter). Scarcely any business at to-day's market. Wheat from yellow White, at an advance of 1d. \$P\$ central (6d \$P\$ quatter). Scarcely any business at to-day's market. Wheat fromly held. Choice Flour very scarce, and full price made in retail. White Indian Corn held shows the market and no transactions reported in Yellow. We quote, \$P\$ central, Wheat, Red. Chicago and Milwankee, \$99284; Indians \$7.769; White 7, 107, 2

Bear — Incinding 200 Gragin's Extra Prime Mess, at 37], the sales reach about \$90 therees.

Poux — The advance checks the demand.

Baces—Advanced prices of Home Core gives more firmness to American; seme Cumberland Cut sold at 44. No long or short in the market.

Las D—The purchase of 200 tims to hold over has had a good effect on the market.

ank 60.

L.CW—The London market is rather lower. Here a small f Pallaceiphia Batchera' sold at 54.

SIS—Common lower; sales at 5,005, 3.

Rossis-Common lower; sales at 5,000, 3.

Bake quiet.

Onto-155 paid for Sperm. Nothing in Whale.

SERDS-Clover dulf, and only retail sales made. Flaxseet

Baring Brothers & Co.'s Circular.

Baring Brothers & Co.'s Circular.

Per Africa.] London, Friday, Feb. 4, 1839—5 p. m.
The colonial and foreign Pacodock markets have been quiet, with little change in prices.

Mosky continues abundant. Consols leave of 041@351 for money, 941@35 for the account. Bar Silver, 5/11, Maxican Dollars, 5/11 mominal, American Engles, 76/11. Doublooms: Syanish, 26/6: South American, 74/3.

For Chankon there was a good demand, and the whole 2,200 have Ceyion offered were taken with an advance of 14.@21 \$7. 80 on good and the qualities, firsts, 1,3@1/11, seconds, 1/@1/8: taket, 1/@1/9; and fourths 3d.@1/.

Cocitis has duli; 51 bags Tenerific sold; Silver, 3/6@1/9, and Blacks 3/10@4/.

wary to low middling: 69:5073; for middling gravish to mid-nling blocks bold; 57:2078; for good middling: 1,570 bus; No-tive were readily disputed off, 55; 250; for good ordinary; 50:00 69; for fine bold picked; 65:0sar; Banka brought 45:5 for good ordinary mixed; 47:250; for fine ordinary. After sales have keen made of 2,200 bags St. Derming at 50; for the Media tra-mear, and 3.50 bags Rio common quality at about 42:9 for a near port for tage insurance.

Covrex—Tough Cake and Tile, £112 16;. Best selected, £113 16], sheathing, 171d. Yellow Metal Sceathing, 104d. Coxx—The supply of English Wheat has been small, and being in reed condition was disposed of at fully last week's prices. Foreign in retail demand, with low arrivals. Last week's are price of English Wheat was 14 7 on 121 207 (represented. We made of English Wheat was 14 17 on 121 207 (represented. We made of English Wheat was 14 17 on 121 207 (represented. We made of English Wheat was 15 on 121 207 (represented to the control of th foreign insurance, oran Tile, £112 10/. Best selected

etersburg Clean. 2.39. I non-Kails quite at 2.55, Bars 2.66 2.6 2.5, f. c. b. in Wales. cotto Pigr 35) for mixed Nos. on the Ciyde. In Lind there is a good business. Refined Pig 2.73 15 2.24, common 2.72 1.5 (2.27).

common £22 (5) 0 £22.

Lises to is rather lower. The arrivals are 11,800 qrs. from the East lades, 2,800 from the Black Sea. On the spot, sales have been made of Anov from 51 #3316. Calentta 52, #537. Tagantag and Birelanski, off the count, have sold at 51, #51/9 for the black Suns.

seen made of Asov from St and the coat, have sold at St 1951/9 for the go and Birelianak, of the coat, have sold at St 1951/9 for the Linergo Cakes in fair demand. New York in bbls. at 210 h. Boston in begs at 2955.

Boston in begs at 2955.

Motastra-Smail parcels of the Antigua at 10, and common thin Demerica at 49.

Gill. For flare there is a fair togetly; Worsign Refused 46 & 260.

Brisk For flare there is a fair togetly; Worsign Refused 46 & 260.

Brisk Frewn, 41.6472. Cocca Nut: Ceylon, 39.6240/; Cecin, 41.6414.

Rice is quiet; 10.660 and Rancoon have changed hands at 41.150 bags sood mid. White Bengal at 9/6; 1,250 bags Neoranize Atracao at 7.15.

SELUTE 22 12 632 22 15.

In Run there has been more inquiry; 300 puncheous Penang have been taken at 17, 240 puncheous Demerata at 2.21 100 hlds do, at 2.4 and 150 puncheous Demerata at 2.21 100 hlds do, at 2.4 and 150 puncheous Penang have been taken at 1.7 to juncheous Penang have been taken at 1.7 to juncheous Demerata at 2.21 100 hlds do, at 2.4 and 150 puncheous Penang have been punched, 19.10 at 4.60 and 3.61, the remainder bought in the 10.250 flare 10.050 flare penang sold, middling, 840.

Seluces—Pepper steady; 80 bags Penang sold, middling, 840.

Ed 4.60 bags Singapure brought 4d. Plinento—Good ordinary mixed St. Ginger—500 bags African have been takes at 25.

in at 30 to 300 to 150 to 150

Kingdom.

The Tax market is firm, but there has been less doing the last run or three days. Some new Congous 4º Sir Isase Newton have been sold at very nigh prices as compared with those ruling for last year's importation. We quote common Congou at 1/1d

Fig. Blocks 126, Bars 127, Refined 133, Straits 130, Banca

TURESTINE-Bough is held at 10/9d. Spirits of side sale at for American, in custs. In American Stocks little business, and little variation in

LATEST NEWS PER AFRICA.

LATEST NEWS PER AFRICA.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 5, 1859.

From The Daily News (City Article).

Saturday—The Finds opened at a fail of about \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cent, and although rather more steadiness was apparent at one period, the appearance of the several marks is at the close was very discoursainz. Consols left of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cent lower than yesterday. Nearly all other classes of Securities show a decided fall. Although this was the 4th of the mouth the demand for money was comparatively stack. There were no gold sperations at the Bank. The specie by the last West-Innia packet, amounting to \$120,000 in gold, wid, it is expected, be all taken for the Continent. The Foreign Exona ges this afternoon were decidedly firm, and in some instances the tendency was upware. The one frice was in Bills on Vienna, which, though nominally quoted 10.70 to 30, were almost unsalisable. According to the telegrams, the Bombay Exchange shows no alteration of importance. A telegram from St. Petersburg quotes the Exchange on London at 50%.

The Malia Telegrams. The Schmarina Telegrams.

THE MALTA TELEGRAPH.-The Submarine Telegraph Company received a dispatch yesterday that a telegraph communication is established with Malta.

GREAT FALL IN THE FRENCH FUNDS YESTERDAY - On the Paris Bourse, the last price of the Three P Cent
Rentes for money was 66. Compared with the flosing prices of
the previous day, this price shows a fresh full of [20] P centmaking a reduction of nearly 1 P cent in two days, and a total
sail of rolly 6; P cent since New Year's Eve.

fall of fully 6) \$\P\$ cent size. New Year's Eve.

THE AUSTRIAN LOAN YESTERDAY.—Messis.

Rothschild intimated to the steek Exchange that the subscription list, instead of being closed on Monday morning, would be kept open until Friday eventure. It was probably feit that no one would subscribe, pending the uncertainty as to the speech of the Empetor of France. The Daily News augurs from the remarks of the

Premier and the Councellor of the Exchequer, that the position of foreign affairs is most critical. Ministers are unable to furnish authoritative explanations respecting the intentions of the French Emperor. It is felt more clearly than ever that the key to the present

difficulty is in Paris, and that the preservation of peace depend on the will of one individuals.

THE WAR PROSPECTS. In The London Times (City Article) it is asserted the conviction is that war is intended to be provoked. The discussions in both Houses of Parliament have had a very discouraging effect, which has been greatly aggravated by a telegram, announcing the intention of Sardinia to attempt to make a loan, and by the Impr-

the Stock Exchange, owing to the debate in Paris ment, the effect of the Queen's speech on the Paris Bourse, and the project of a Sardinian loan. The pohtical department of the journals is also devoted to the

question of war. The Times does not think either France, Austria or Piedmont will derive any encouragement to break the

peace of Europe from anything that was said on Taursday evening.

The project of The Post is a recommendation of the treaty of 1815. Let the Powers of Europe fail to take this course, and though no declaration of war may be made, a collision on the frontier will arise Piedmont is sure to be involved in hostilities with Austria, France will be bound to succor Piedmont, and the torch of war once lighted, no one can tell when it will be querched. To England there seems but one duty, that of saying energetically, that without war, or any other disturbance of the general peace

of Europe, "Raly shall be free,"

From The Times (City Article).

Friday Even's C.—Increased agitation has been manifested to day in all departments of bodness. The Bourse accounts from time to time promoted the distrust. Consols left of at 94,225. actions of the Government brokers on acc

The transactions of the Government process in account.

Satings Banks were larger than usual, the amount being £32,000.

Satings Banks were larger than usual, the amount being £32,000.

Satings Banks were larger than usual, the satings Banks was the satings and the new Sardinian loan must be intended to be raised at Turin, or, if that be impracticable, at Paris, under a French guaranty, as originally reported. In London, it would scarcely be curvitative for a moment.

The fall in the existing Five per Cents has already been equal to nearly 10 per cent since Jan 1.

Manner Reset & Co. state in their

STEAM SHIPPING.—Messrs. Brett & Co. state in their monthly Circular that the first mouth of the new year has ended with improved inquiries for steamship property, both for purchase and hire, thus supporting the opinion that in the last year the lowest point of depression had been reached by the shipping interest. STATE OF THE PRODUCE MARKETS .- The Times,

been generally quiet, the expansion of Export trade being checked by continental uncertainties. Although the supplies have been low, prices of some leading staples show a decline. DISASTERS AT SEA .- Boulogne, Feb. 4, 10:45 a.m.-The Jubilee, a vessel of 700 tuns, from Shanghae, la-

in its weekly review states, that these markets have

crew saved. PORTSMOUTH, Friday, Feb. 4.-A large steamship. rigged, reported similar in size and appearance to the Himalaya, ashore on Peel Bank, but is expected to ome off with flood tide. THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE POLITICAL SITUA-

den with tea and silk, has gone ashore near here.

TION .- The city articles in all the morning papers advert to the grave aspect of political affairs on the Continent and at home The Daily News points out that there are two Italies

in presence of each other, the Papal Austrian and the Sardinian French. The peninsula can only be pacified by an already mutilated treaty being superseded by the enfranchisement of a nation. PARLIAMENTARY REFORM .- The Post, with a view

to damage the Ministers, complains that they intend to burke" reform. The Times remarks that they who needlessly post-

pone a measure admitted to be necessary, make themselves answerable for its growth in the interval. In doors er out of doors we are not in for agitation. It is in vain to say that the people don't care much for

### CITY ITEMS.

CHANGE OF HOUR .- On and after this day, the Fall River line of boats will leave per No. 3, at 5 o'clock instead of 4 o'clock.

The regular mail line, via Stopington, will, on today and hereafter, leave pier No. 2, at 5 o'elock instead of 4 o'clock.

> Baron Von Gerolt, the Prussian Minister, arrived from Europe in the Africa yesterday morning.

STREET DEPARTMENT .- Street Commissioner Smith

is dangerously indisposed, and has been ordered South for the benefit of his health. His allment, in some respects, resembles the prevalent threat disease, and is of a very serious character. Capt. Marsfield Lovell, the Deputy Commissioner, is endowed with fall powers to act in the absence of the chief of his Department.

SIXTEENTH WARD,-The election in the Sixteenth Ward, under the auspices of the three Inspectors from the Central Committee, resulted in the election of the Anti-Dayton ticket:

Anti-Dayton ticket:
President-Dayto R. Jaquez. Vice Presidents—Wm. Orton, Herry Richard Secretaris—Herry C. Parke, J. Shephard Smith. Pressurer-Thomas Christy, Delegates in Resolution Central Genimitee—Samuel B. H. Vance, James Christ, Wm. H. Bull. Geo. Manchot, Horano N. Sherwood. Delegates to Young Men's Revublican Central Committee—Adam C Ellis, Edward Wilcox, Geo. Maclean, Wm. Shaw, James Atmatrong.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION. -The Twenty-first Ward Republican Association held an election on Monday evening last to fill a vacancy in the Central Committee. The only candidates were John H. White and Dr. S. S. Childs, now member of Assembly. It was a spirited and closely-contested election, but the White ticket prevailed by 30 majority.

OUTRAGE UPON A GIRL .- Miss Mary Ann Ryan of

son of the Fourth Ward was assaulted by John Doyle, the heeper of a low porter-house at No. 21 Oak street. Through his political influence Mr. Doyle was let off with 30 days' imprisonment; but it seems that even that light infliction was too much for his stomach. Ever since his release he has been resolved upon revenge, and watched for an opportunity to gratify his passion. None presenting itself, he hit upon a stratagem to effect his purpose. About 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning he sent his wife acreaming into the street, as Mason approached. The woman begged the officer to arrest her husband, who, she said, was bent upon taking her life. The officer, without suspecting any plot, ran into the place to arrest the would-be murderer, when he was jointly assailed by John Doyle and his son James, who lay in wait for him in the hall. The latter enatched the club from his belt, and beat him over the head, while the elder Doyle struck him with a glass decanter upon the left temple, cutting him in a shocking manner. John then seized a knife and attemp ed to stab him, but succeeded in cutting his hand only. Mason saized Doyle and soon lodged him in the Station-House. Returning to the place he then took the son into custody. Justice Connolly committed the prisoners for trial for assault with intent to kill.

STEALING Hogs. - Some dishonest fellow entered the premises of Patrick Clue, in Fourteenth street, near Avenue A, a little before daylight on Tuesday mornirg, and drove off 19 hogs. He was observed by Officer Bigelow of the Eleventh Ward, soon afterward,

ARREST OF PICKPOCKETS .- The detectives vesterday arrested about twenty pickpockets near the liberty pole in West Broadway, the Park and Broadway, who were attempting to pursue their vocation among the crowds of people that througed the streets during the day. Among the thieves were twelve men, four or five boys and three women. The portraits of many of these people already graced the rogues gallery, and

A. W. FABER'S Lend Pencils, sold at retail by ERRHARD FARER, sole agent, No. 133 William-et.

[Advertisement.]
PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS WILL DIRECT Young Men to right pursuits, and teach them how to make the most of themselves and of their time and talents; and also serve as a guide to parents in training their children in association witselbeir time nature. Fowers & Wells give advise daily at ho. 368 Brackway.

GEO. SAUDERS, A. D. 1316—This, the grouine article, has never been equaled for producing the keenest possible edge to a rance. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers, J. 4 S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Autor House.

PROTOGRAPHS,
AMEROTYPE AND DAGGERRECTYPES.
Nos. 205, 350 and 648 Broadway, New-York, and No. 352 Penesylvanicav., Washington, D. C.
[Advertisement]
THE DRAMATIC SEASON AT BARNUM'S MUseum.—It will commence next Moxoay. This Asternoon
and Evanics, Melle. Elvirs on the Flying Wire and the Nubian
Trophadous to their charming Negro Middles, Dances, Mode
and Comedics.

# FIRES.

FIRES.

At 21 o'clock on Tuesday morning a fire broke out in the four-story building rear of No. 473 Rroome street, occupied by Mesers. Soebbeler & Schimdt, plano forte manufacturers. The fire originated on the second floor, in the case-makers shop, and thence extended to the upper floors, and before the flames could be extinguished the building was partially destroyed.

The firemen were early on the spot, and are deserving of much praise on account of their indefatigable exertions in the premises. The building in which the fire occurred is surrounded by other buildings of a similar hight, and fears were entertained that a large cotflagration would occur. The plano-forte manufactory of Lighte, Newton & Bradbury, adjoining, stood in great danger, and had this establishment taken fire, the whole block would have been endangered. In the manufactory of Scebbeler & Schmitt was a large quantity of work, finished and unfinished, all of which was destroyed. Their leas will not fall far short of \$19,000 on building and stock. Insured for \$6,500 in the Excelsion, S. Mark's, Enchange, Jersey City and two other companies. The origin of the fire is unknown. At 10 o clock in the evening, Mr. Schmidt, as was his coatom, went through the premises and saw that everything was safe. The firm occupied the front building with their families, but no damage to this portion of the premises was sustained.

PIRE IN NEWARK.

A fire was discovered about 12 o'clock on Monday right in Tysoe's shoe store, No. 94 Newark avenue, which spread to an adjoining building occupied as a barber shop by a German named Foster. The baildings were owned by J. D. Miller. The property was damaged by fire and water about \$1,000, which was covered by insurance.

THE LAST OF JONES'S WOOD .- A large part of this interesting portion of our city is about to succumb to the march of improvement. Having remained in the possession of the ancestors of the present owners for several generations, it is at last to be "knocked down" to the highest bidder by the Blesckers, on the 24th inst. It has been a delightful resort for ourselves and our fathers for many years, but the inevitable growth of our city must soon cover it with dwellinghouses, and leave no trace of its former natural beauty.

Variok street went to a ball on Monday evening, and about 1 o'clock, a. m., accepted the invitation of Pattrick Boylan to see her home. While walking through Varick street Boylan met half a dozen friends, and went with them into a by-place, leaving Miss Ryan in the street. Returning, he sgain went with her toward home, but soon turned upon her and turew her down; his friends coming up immediately after and assisting in the assault. One of them held his hand over her mouth to stiffe her eries; others assisted in holding her down, while Boylan attempted to outrage her person. The screams of the girl attracted Officer Palmer, who ran to the spot when the ruffians fled. She told him her story, and he soon afterward arrested Patrick Boylan and Matthew McCoekey, whom the girl identified. Justice Quackenbush committed the prisoners for trial. RATHER REVENOEFEL .- Some times ago Officer Ma-

rial pamphlet on Italy.

The City Article of The Herald also remarks on the being rather closely questioned by the officer, ran fresh perturbation manifested yesterday throughout away. Bigelow drove the hoge to the Station-House,

> the remainder were added before sundown. When the crowds had gone home the thieves were released.

THE METALLIC TABLET STROP—Invented by

BRADY'S GALLERIES.